FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

B.E. 4/4 (M/P) I-Semester (Main) Examination, November / December 2012

Subject : Finite Element Analysis

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

Note: Answer all questions of Part - A and answer any five questions from Part-B.

PART – A (25 Marks)

1.	Define equilibrium and compatibility conditions.	(2)
2.	Derive quadratic shape functions for I-D element in global coordinates.	(3)
3.	What is plane stress? Write 'D' matrix.	(2)
4.	Define (a) Virtual displacement (b) potential energy	(2)
5.	Write the stiffness matrix of a frame element.	(3)
6.	Write the equivalent load vector of a beam subjected to triangular load.	(3)
7.	The shape functions in triangular element are 0.3 and 0.2. The nodal displacements are $\{0.0, 0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.01, 0.0\}^T$, mm, find the displacement at any point in the	$\langle 0 \rangle$
•	triangle.	(3)
8.	If the torque on node 1 is 1000 N-M of a circular shaft of 10mm dia and	(-)
	length of 2m, find the nodal twists of $G=0.8 \times 10^{10} \text{N/m}^2$.	(3)
9.	What is convergency ? Explain.	(2)
10	. Derive capacitance matrix for rod.	(2)

PART – B (5x10=50 Marks)

11. Determine the nodal (figure1) displacements the element strains and stresses and the reaction forces if



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A=0.0001m², E=200 GPa, P=10⁵N, α =6x10⁻⁶/°C and subject to a uniform temperature load of Δ T=100°C.

12. For the plane truss shown in figure 2. Determine the nodal displacement element stresses and reaction forces if A = $1 \times 10^{-4} \text{m}^2$, E=200GPa.



Fig. 2

13. For the beam shown in figure 3. Determine the max displacement and the reaction forces and moments if E = 200 GPa.



- 14. Derive strain-displacement Matrix for
 - (i) Axi symmetric Triangular element
 - (ii) Constant strain Triangle
- 15.(a) For the 4-noded qudrilateral element find the displacement at point

 $P(\xi^2=-0.5, n=-0.4)$ if the noded displacements are $q=\{0.001, 0.0, 0.0, -0.002, 0.0, -0.01, -0.001, +0.003\}^T$ mm.

(b) Find $I_{\xi} = \int_{-1}^{1} (\xi^2 + 3\xi - 10.0) d\xi$ using

Gaussian quadrature (for n=1, ξ =0.0, w=2.0, for n=2, ξ =±0.577, w₁=w₂=1.0) and compare the solution with numerical integration.

16. For the rod shown in figure 4 subjected to convection and heat flux, determine the temperature distribution if thermal conductivity is 50w/cm°c.



17. Determine the natural frequencies of a cantilever beam as shown in figure 5 E=200 GPa, s = 7800 kg/m³.



Fig. 5
