

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING**B.E. 3/4 (EE/Inst.) I – Semester (Supplementary) Examination, July 2014****Subject : Linear integrated Circuits****Time : 3 hours****Max. Marks : 75****Note: Answer all questions from Part - A. Answer any FIVE questions from Part - B.****PART – A (25 Marks)**

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| 1 | List the non-ideal dc characteristics of an Op-amp. | 2 |
| 2 | What is CMRR? What is the CMRR of an ideal Op-amp? | 2+1 |
| 3 | Distinguish between astable, bistable and monostable multivibrators. | 2 |
| 4 | What is a peak detector? | 2+1 |
| 5 | How to avoid false triggering of 555 timer when reset function is not used? | 2+1 |
| 6 | How is R-2R ladder DAC superior to weighted resistor DAC? | 2 |
| 7 | What is the function of voltage regulator? | 2+1 |
| 8 | Mention the limitations of linear voltage regulators. | 2 |
| 9 | Distinguish between passive and active filters. | 2 |
| 10 | What is a universal filter? | 2+1 |

PART – B (50 Marks)

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| 11 | a) Define slew rate. How does this limit the response of an Op-amp? How can the slew rate be improved? | 5 |
| | b) The input offset voltage of an Op-amp is 10mv dc. For a non-inverting amplifier with $z_f = 10\text{ K}\Omega$ and $z_i = 1\text{ K}\Omega$. What is the maximum possible output offset voltage? | 5 |
| 12 | Explain the operation of a precision full wave rectifier circuit. | 10 |
| 13 | a) Design a square wave generator to operate at a frequency of 1.5 kHz. | 5 |
| | b) Explain dual slope integrating type ADC. | 5 |
| 14 | a) Explain dual voltage regulator. | 5 |
| | b) Explain series voltage regulator using Op-amp. | 5 |
| 15 | a) State the merits and demerits of active filters over passive filters. | 5 |
| | b) Determine i) 'Q' factor ii) f_1 and f_2 for a second order band pass filter with a center frequency of 1 kHz and bandwidth = 20 Hz. | 5 |
| 16 | Write short notes on | |
| | a) D/A converters | |
| | b) switched capacitor filter | 5 + 5 |
| 17 | a) Design a BPF with butter worth response for the following specifications
$f_0 = 10\text{ kHz}$, $Q = 10$; pass band gain ≥ 10 . | 5 |
| | b) Explain practical differentiator. | 5 |
