

## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

B.E. 2/4 (EE/Inst.) II - Semester (Main) Examination, June 2014

Subject: Electronic Engineering - II

Time : 3 Hours

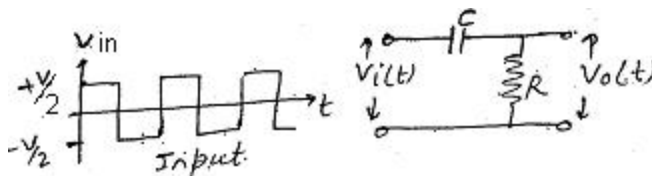
Max. Marks: 75

**Note: Answer all questions of Part - A and answer any five questions from Part-B.****PART – A (25 Marks)**

- 1 Derive the expression for gain with feedback. (3)
- 2 Draw the equivalent circuit for ideal voltage amplifier. (2)
- 3 What is an oscillator? Classify different types of oscillator. (3)
- 4 Draw the circuit of Colpitt's oscillator. (2)
- 5 Define  $A_c$ ,  $A_d$  and CMRR. (3)
- 6 Give the applications of differential amplifier. (2)
- 7 Compare class A, B & C power amplifiers based on efficiency. (3)
- 8 What is the difference between a voltage amplifier and a power amplifier? Compare. (3)
- 9 What is the significance of connecting a resistor across diode in clamping circuit? (2)
- 10 What is two level clipper? (2)

**PART – B (50 Marks)**

- 11 (a) Draw the equivalent circuit of current series feedback amplifier and derive the expressions for  $R_{if}$  and  $R_{of}$ . (6)
- (b) Based on sampling and mixing classify feedback amplifiers and draw their block diagram. (4)
- 12 (a) Draw the circuit of Hartley oscillator and obtain the expression for its frequency of oscillations. (6)
- (b) The parameters of a crystal oscillator equivalent circuit are  $L_2=0.6H$ ,  $C_s=0.08pf$ ,  $R_s = 5k$  and  $C_p = 1.0pf$ . Determine series and parallel resonance frequencies. (4)
- 13 (a) A differential amplifier has  $V_{s1} = 10mV$ ,  $V_{s2} = 9mv$ . If it has  $A_d = 60 dB$  and  $CMRR = 80dB$ . Find its output voltage. (5)
- (b) What are the basic configurations of differential amplifier? Explain. (5)
- 14 (a) What is harmonic distortion in power amplifiers? Describe 3-point method of computing total harmonic distortion. (5)
- (b) Draw and explain class-A transformer coupled power amplifier. (5)
- 15 (a) Draw and explain negative peak clamper along with its input and output waveforms. (5)
- (b) Draw the O/P response of given RC circuit for  
(i)  $RC \gg T$  (ii)  $RC \ll T$  (5)

Find o/p?  
Waveform

- 16 (a) Draw the block diagram of negative feedback amplifier. (3)
- (b) Distinguish between amplifier and oscillator circuits. (2)
- (c) Draw and explain complementary – symmetry push pull class-B power amplifier. (6)
- 17 Write short notes on the following: (10)
- (a) Frequency stability in oscillators
- (b) RC differentiator and integrator circuits

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