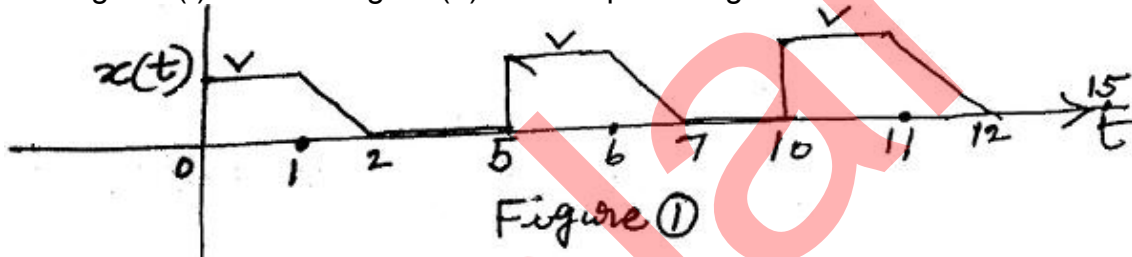


FACULTY OF ENGINEERING**B.E. 2/4 (ECE) II – Semester (Main) Examination, June 2014****Subject: Signal Analysis and Transform Techniques****Time: 3 Hours****Max.Marks: 75****Note: Answer all questions from Part A. Answer any five questions from Part B.****PART – A**

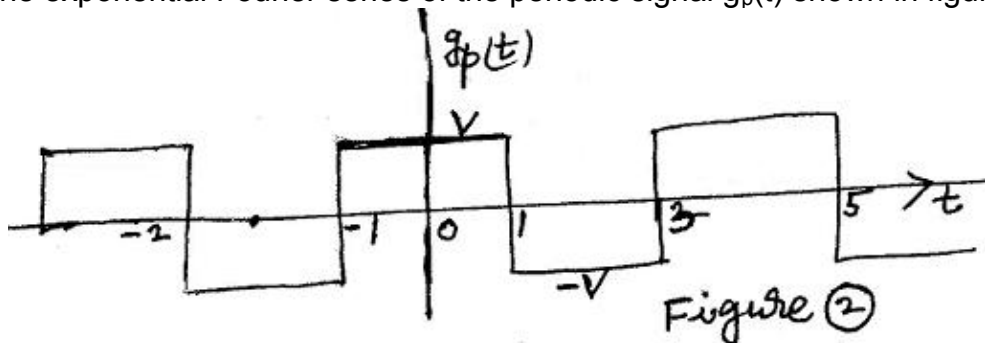
- 1 Is the signal $x(t)$ shown in figure (1) below a power signal? (3)



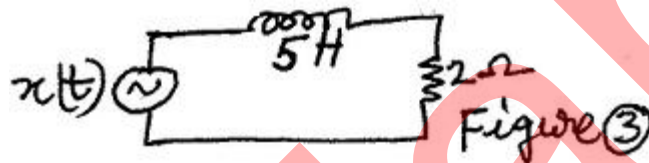
- 2 Test if the signal $x(t) = 20 \sin 300\pi t + 300\pi \cdot \cos 20\pi t$ is periodic or not. If periodic, find the time period. (2)
- 3 Find the Laplace transform and ROC of the signal $x(t) = 2e^{-3t}u(t) + 4e^{5t}u(-t)$ (3)
- 4 Find the initial value and final value of the signal $x(t)$ whose Laplace transform $X(s) = \frac{10}{s^2 + 8s + 15}$; $\text{Re}(s) > -3$. (2)
- 5 Find the discrete signal $x[n]$ whose z -transform is $X(z) = \log\left(\frac{1}{1-az^{-1}}\right)$, $|z| > a$. (2)
- 6 Write any three properties of auto-correlation of discrete time signals. (3)
- 7 The transfer characteristic of a discrete system is given by $y[n] = (n+1)x[n-1]$. Test if the system is shift invariant. (2)
- 8 For a causal discrete time system when the input $x(n)$ is $\delta(n-1)$ the output is the transfer function $H(z)$ of the system $y(n) = 2^{(n-2)}$. Find (3)
- 9 Find the 4 point DFT of the discrete signal $x[n] = [0, 1, -1, 0]$. (3)
- 10 State Dirichlet's conditions for Fourier series of a continuous time periodic signal. (2)

PART – B

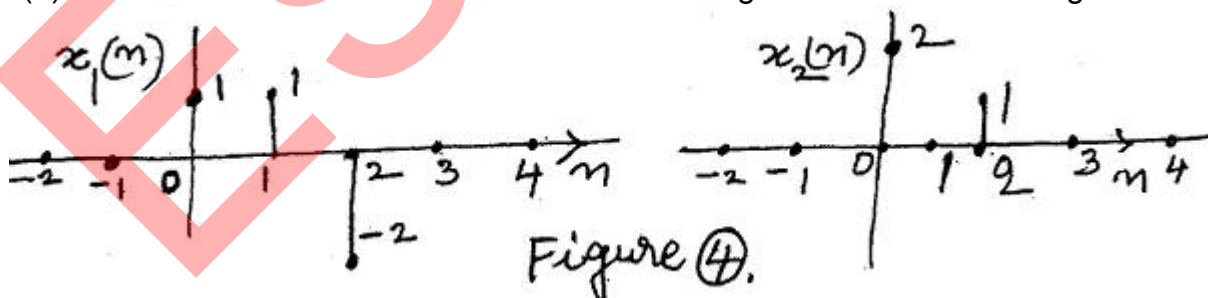
- 11 Find the exponential Fourier series of the periodic signal $g_p(t)$ shown in figure 2. (10)



- 12 (a) Find the Fourier transforms of the signals (i) $x(t) = 10 \cos 400 \pi t$ (ii) $x(t) = 10e^{-10t^2}$ (4)
 (b) State and prove the following properties of Fourier transforms. (i) Modulation property (ii) Time scaling property (6)
- 13 (a) Find the transfer function and step-response $h(t)$ of the system shown in figure 3. (5)
 (b) the transfer curve of a discrete system is given by $y(n) = 5[x(n+1)]^n$. Test if the system is linear and causal. (5)



- 14 (a) Find the Laplace transform of the signal $x(t) = 5t.e^{-3t} \cdot \cos 5t u(t)$. (5)
 (b) State and prove the final value theorem in respect of Laplace transforms. Find the final value of the signal $x(t)$ for which the unilateral Laplace transform is $\frac{10}{s^2 + 5s}$. (5)
- 15 (a) Find the Z-transform of the sequence $x[n] = a^n \quad 0 \leq n \leq N-1 \quad a > 0$
 $= 0 \quad \text{Otherwise}$ (6)
 (b) State and prove differentiation in z-domain property of Z-transforms. (4)
- 16 (a) Find the transfer function $H(z)$ and the impulse response of the causal discrete system characterized by the difference equation $y(n) - 2y(n-1) + y(n-2) = x(n) + x(n-1)$. (6)
 (b) Find the convolution of the two discrete time signals shown below in figure 4. (4)



- 17 (a) State and prove Parseval's identity for Fourier series of discrete signals. (4)
 (b) Find the frequency response $H(\Omega)$ and impulse response $h[n]$ of the discrete system described by the difference equation, $y(n) - \frac{3}{4}y(n-1) = x(n)$. (6)